## Science skills and knowledge progression from Yr1-Yr2

This document is designed to show how and when the relevant science knowledge from the National Curriculum 2014 is taught. We follow the Kent Primary Science Scheme of Work.

NOWLEDGE Yr 1	Identify and name a variety of common plants, including garden plants, wild plants and trees, and those classified as deciduous and evergreen  Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common plants	<ul> <li>Animals including humans         <ul> <li>Identify and name a variety of common animals that are birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles and mammals</li> </ul> </li> <li>Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.</li> <li>Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles and mammals, and including pets).</li> <li>Identify, name draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which parts of the body is associated with each sense.</li> </ul>	Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made.      Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, water and rock.      Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials.      Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their physical properties.	Observe changes across the four seasons     Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.

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	<u>Plants</u>	Animals including humans	<u>Materials</u>	<u>Living Things and Their Habitats</u>
	<ul> <li>Observe and describe how</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Notice that animals, including</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify and compare the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explore and compare the</li> </ul>
	seeds and bulbs grow into	humans, have offspring which	suitability of a variety of everyday	differences between things that
	mature plants	grow into adults	materials, including wood, metal,	are living, dead, and things that
EYr 2	<b>'</b>		plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper	have never been alive
	<ul> <li>Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.</li> </ul>	Find out about and describe the	and cardboard for particular uses	
		basic needs of animals, including	and caraboara for parmedian ases	Identify that most living things
		humans, for survival (water, food	Find out how the shapes of solid	live in habitats to which they are
		and air)	objects made from some materials	suited and describe how
		and all )	can be changed by squashing,	different habitats provide for
		No continual of the continue of the	bending, twisting and stretching.	the basic needs of different
		Describe the importance for	bending, twisting and off erening.	
J9C		humans of exercise, eating the		kinds of animals and plants, and
KNOWLEDGE		right amounts of different types		how they depend on each other.
≶		of food, and hygiene.		
Ž				<ul> <li>Identify and name a variety of</li> </ul>
				plants and animals in their
				habitats, including micro-
				habitats
				Describe how animals obtain
				their food from plants and other
				animals, using the idea of a
				simple food chain, and identify
				and name different sources of
				food.
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IINVESTIGATIVE SKILLS

NB: 'Working scientifically' specifies the understanding of the nature, processes and methods of science for each year group. It should not be taught as a separate

## Year 1 and 2

Can simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways

Can observe closely, using simple equipment

Can perform simple tests

Can identify and classify

Can use their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions

Can gather and record data to help in answering questions